

JUNE 10, 1926.

Portland were called
the death of their
sons.

George and children are
with her mother,
at Shelburne, N. H.
Norway is spending
her home here.

I never

Atwood's Blitzen
new 15c bottle
of these troubles,
does not satisfy you,
the Dyspepsia, Nausea,
Loss of Appetite,
Daring Pain,
Coughs, Coughs, Coughs,
Liquor, Blood.

Laudanum of Bethel
is the greatest skill
ever tried in my
mach and indigo.

It broke up one
cold I ever had.

I couldn't keep
it, and a large
number 500. Total size 15c.

Portland, Me.

The Oxford County Citizen.

A. E. Herrick 6-24-26

VOLUME XXXII—NUMBER 9

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1926.

4 Gents Per Copy—\$2.00 Per Year

MRS. MABEL B. CARPENTER

Born June 10th, 1868, Waterford, Me.

Died June 10th, 1926, Bethel, Me.

Mrs. Carpenter was the daughter of Josiah A. and Maria (Holt) Brown, and her early school days were spent in Norway, Maine.

After her parents moved from Maine she attended school in Peabody, Mass., until fitted for college, after graduating from Wellesley she taught in the high school at Ipswich, Mass., for a number of years, being very successful in this work.

In October, 1894, she was united in marriage to Harry E. Carpenter and life's roadway stretched ahead with alluring brightness. And theirs was a very happy home in Waverly, Mass., until the death of Mr. Carpenter in February, 1903. This blow nearly prostrated her but she kept firm hold of the dauntless spirit and faith, which was ever hers, and very soon took up life's work—alone. After taking a special course in typewriting and shorthand, she became secretary for Prof. Paul Marqusee and Prof. Henry Holmes of Harvard College which position she held until the death of her mother thirteen years ago when she resigned and came to Bethel to be the home maker and comfort of her father in his declining years.

Cheerfully she faced problems that came to her, always working them out in the happiest manner possible.

This life to her meant service and love—the helping hand to the neighbor in distress—the cheery word and sweet smile for the downhearted—the word of wise counsel to the boy or girl given with gentle tact which was so characteristic of her. Ever the joys of others made hers, likewise their sorrows.

She was very fond of children and as long as her health permitted enjoyed doing things for their pleasure, from making the bright-blue Christmas baskets to be filled with dainties and delivered personally to each child in her neighborhood, to patiently training the little fingers to find harmony in the piano keys, and the small voices to sing. Of the many memories that come of her kindly words and helpful deeds—which to her were just a part of the day's work, but to us who are missing her all the time they are mountain peaks of memory. She was such a patient person, during all the years in which she suffered so much she never complained but was ambitious and hopeful of regaining her health, "there is so much I want to do to help" she would often say.

The gentle hands of kinsfolk ministered to her every need until the last two weeks of her life when a trained nurse was also in attendance.

Besides the many friends to whom she was so dear there remains her aged father, Josiah A. Brown, and only brother, Frank A. Brown, several aunts and uncles, five nephews and three nieces to mourn the passing on of this beloved woman.

Mrs. Carpenter was a member of the Congregational Church of Waverly, Mass., and belonged to Pleasant Valley Grange of West Bethel.

Funeral services were held at her late home June 13th, Rev. S. T. Achernbach speaking words of sympathy and comfort. Many beautiful flowers covered and surrounded the casket.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Brown accompanied the body to Salem, Mass., Monday the fourteenth, where it was placed in the family lot in Harmony Grove.

When the sweet warm breeze of June time

Floated soft from Southland's fair;

Stars came to the old homestead;

Filling all our hearts with care.

Then God sent a tender angel

From that brow and cheek so fair,

Who, upon the face we cherishes,

Placed His seal of Peace and Rest,

Smoothed the lines that pain had given

From that brow and cheek so fair,

And it seemed a balm restoed

On the shining wavy hair.

Gently closed the lips so tender—

Lips that ne'er had spoken ill,

Yes they almost seem to murmur—

"Question not the Master's Will!"

And she's bid us raise the curtains

And let the sunshine come.

To drive away the shadows.

That have darkened this old home.

Oh! so oft the has stood in its doorway,

Hands outstretched in welcoming sign;

In the sweet June weather that brought

us.

Oh! many and many a time,

And we know that afar "menger the

hill tops."

Of a country that hath no pain

She will watch from her beautiful des-

tiny way.

To welcome us "Home" again.

Bethel, Maine, June, 1926.

PROF. W. R. CHAPMAN GIVEN
DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF
MUSIC

Prof. William R. Chapman of Bethel received a high honor Monday when the degree of Doctor of Music was conferred upon him by the University of Norway, Maine.

After her parents moved from Maine she attended school in Peabody, Mass., until fitted for college, after graduating from Wellesley she taught in the high school at Ipswich, Mass., for a number of years, being very successful in this work.

In October, 1894, she was united in marriage to Harry E. Carpenter and life's roadway stretched ahead with alluring brightness. And theirs was a very happy home in Waverly, Mass., until the death of Mr. Carpenter in February, 1903. This blow nearly prostrated her but she kept firm hold of the dauntless spirit and faith, which was ever hers, and very soon took up life's work—alone. After taking a special course in typewriting and shorthand, she became secretary for Prof. Paul Marqusee and Prof. Henry Holmes of Harvard College which position she held until the death of her mother thirteen years ago when she resigned and came to Bethel to be the home maker and comfort of her father in his declining years.

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Miss Ruth Emery, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Emery of Bethel, was recently voted the most popular girl in the school and also was elected Secretary of the Alumni Association of Nasson Institute. She acted as president of her class during her senior year and was very active in all school affairs.

Miss Emery is a graduate of Gould Academy in the class of 1924.

BETHEL GIRL HONORED AT
NASSON INSTITUTE

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KENDALL—LOWELL

Mr. Clayton Kendall of Bethel and Miss Josephine Lowell of West Bethel were married Saturday, June 5th by Rev. C. B. Oliver at the Methodist parsonage.

Mr. Kendall is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Lowell of West Bethel, and a former student at Gould Academy.

Mr. Kendall is the son of Mr. L. W. Kendall, and also attended Gould Academy for sometime.

Many friends extend their best wishes for a happy future.

SWAN—EMERY

Mr. Bernard Swan and Miss Phoebe Emery of Gilead were united in marriage by Rev. C. B. Oliver at the Methodist parsonage, Monday evening, June 14th.

LIST OF OFFICERS AND CORPORATORS ELECTED AT ANNUAL MEETING OF BETHEL SAVINGS BANK, BETHEL, ME., JUNE 9, 1926

OFFICERS

President, I. H. Wight.

Secretary & Treasurer, A. E. Herrick.

Trustees, J. H. Wight, E. S. Kilborn, F. E. Bean, A. E. Herrick, F. A. Brown, W. H. Thurston, L. W. Ramsell.

CORPORATORS

I. H. Wight, A. E. Herrick, F. E. Bean, F. A. Brown, L. W. Ramsell, C. K. Fox, E. C. Park, E. S. Kilborn, E. F. Blasie, F. L. Edwards, E. M. Walker, G. J. Happgood, Elmer Allen, F. E. Hanscom, F. B. Howe, D. G. Brooks, G. L. Thurston, L. E. Wight, C. E. Barker, H. E. Jordan, D. G. Lovejoy, W. H. Tharston, P. C. Tharston, Robert Hastings, C. W. Hall.

Attest:

ADDISON E. HERICK, Clerk

BOY SCOUT NEWS

New patrol formed on Monday night. Sixteen boys receive certificates this week. New leaders assigned places

At the Monday evening troop meeting, because of increased numbers, a new patrol was formed, called the Elk patrol. The leader of this is Theodore Eames, with assistant Wilson Hartnett.

The other patrols are manned as follows: Eagles, Charles Chapman, leader, and John Teadwell, assistant. Indians, William Wight, leader, and Herbert Howe, assistant. Frank Cousins was made assistant senior patrol leader. Seven boys have registered for the Basin Camp.

Next Monday evening is Social Night with families having Scouts in them all invited.

TRAIN SCHEDULE

In effect May 2.

East bound, daily except Sunday 7:50 A. M., 4:42 P. M. Sundays, 7:50 A. M., 2:27 P. M.

West bound, daily except Sunday 10:17 A. M., 7:50 P. M. Sundays, 9:23 A. M., 7:58 P. M.

There will be a supper at Old Fellow's Hall, Monday evening, June 21. After supper the regular meeting of Soozer Rebekah Lodge will be held.

COMMENCEMENT AT GOULD ACADEMY

Class of 1926 Largest Class Graduated from the Institution. Record Crowds Attended the Exercises.

The closing of Commencement Week

at Gould Academy, marked with beauty, dignity and honor Monday when the degree of Doctor of Music was conferred upon him by the University of Norway, Maine.

Professor Chapman has been for the past 30 years the outstanding figure in music in the State of Maine, and during all these years he has been Director of the Maine Music Festivals.

The Baccalaureate Address of June 6th in the Congregational Church was by Rev. Arthur Varley of Portland, Conn. The theme, "Close relation between the inner and outer life as applied to the individual in social, political and moral living of the day," was clearly and forcefully delivered to a large congregation. Miss Ellen Cottrell and Mr. Nahum Moore each gave a delightful vocal solo with Mrs. F. E. Russell accompanying at the organ.

The Alumni Association voted to send a telegram of greetings and appreciation with regret at their absence, to Dr. and Mrs. J. G. Gehring. A telegram of greetings and gratitude was sent to Mr. William Bingham, 2nd, Mr. Louis Van Den Kerkhoven, Lansdale, Pa., Miss Marjorie Farwell and Mrs. Leslie Davis.

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The Alumni Association voted to send a telegram



G. Francis Jenkins, Washington Man, Who Invented Attachment That Produces "Movies," and Another That Draws "Pan Pictures."

"Movies over the air is the next great achievement of radio engineers!"

Moving pictures will flash across the continent at the dizzy speed of 182,000 miles a second, the speed of light, and they will appear on a screen in natural colors in the homes of millions of radio users.

The introduction of the radio-vision receiving set heralds a new era for radio science!

An unpretentious cabinet converts radio waves into light and shadows.

This remarkable transformation is accomplished by means of a lamp contained in the box. This lamp lights and extinguishes a half million times a second.

A disk or ring, containing small lenses around its outer edge is contained in this box. The purpose of this disk is to chop up the light and shadows into lines and adjacent successive lines.

Motor in Set.

A small electric motor, likewise contained in this box, revolves the lens-ring which performs the wonderful task of transforming radio waves to light and shadows by lighting and extinguishing itself a half million times a second.

"Modern Aladdin Lamp."

This marvelous glass has earned for itself the name of "modern Aladdin lamp."

The Jenkins radio-vision lamp operates on the Wheatstone bridge principle, whereby a little change in electric voltage gives a large change in light flux or flow.

This lamp bears a relation similar to the function performed by a sensitive mineral used at the radio-vision transmitting station.

This sensitive mineral—potassium

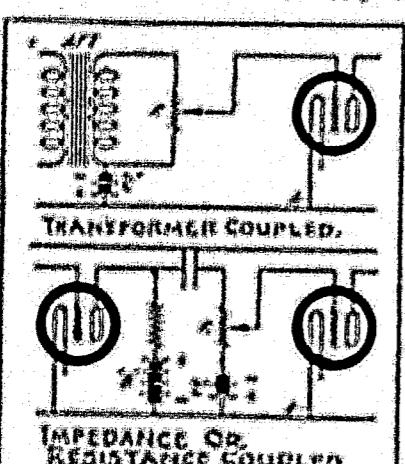
for instance—emits the motion picture at the sending station into electrical values for transmission on a radio carrier wave.

The Jenkins radio-vision lamp reverses this process, changing the electric current back to picture values.

Once motion pictures by radio are introduced into thousands of homes, this lamp will be as commonplace as the electric light bulb or radio vacuum tube.

An Approved Method for Smooth Volume Control

For a smooth control of volume in amplifiers using transformers, impediment or resistances, the method shown in the accompanying diagrams is suggested. A variable resistance is connected across the secondary of



the transformer with the other arm wound to the grid of the tube. In the case of impedance or resistance amplifiers, the grid leak is replaced and "shaded after" all the way from Northfield, Minn., to Minneapolis, a distance of 40 miles. In order that he might see what Jack Little, who was broadcasting from WCCO that week, looked like.

The engineer who gave the name to the "smooth" feature turned from writing when he reached the WCCO studios. He was given first aid by Alexander Paul Johnson, who, in addition to his radio work, is a student of medicine at the University of Minnesota.

The lad was then interviewed by Little, and pointed from his experience that he felt that another like famous singer was worth the long trip. He says that he and some other boys have had very many arguments as to what Little looked like and he had settled to get out for himself. There being no school on Saturday, he started for the Keweenaw early in the morning. Because he had no money, he was forced to walk part of the time and took up most of the remainder of the day.

FOR YOUR NOTEBOOK

Use good insulators and solder all connections in the serial.

Headphones should be bought for their acoustic turns and not the resistance.

Bared metal plate or pipe driven in moist earth can be used as the ground.

Metal disks usually increase the microstrands.

A common cause of distortion in audio amplification is poorly designed transformers.

The length of the serial is measured from the extreme end, and includes the lead-in and ground wire.

Radio signals are better 600 miles from a broadcast transmitter than they are 300 miles, because fading is less and the signal strength is slightly greater.

The way to stop a radio interference—a neighbor who permits his set to oscillate rectilinearly—is to have a petition signed and sent to the supervisor of radio in the district.

Nearly all interference producers are of the regenerative type in the hands of an inexperienced operator.

It is necessary to expect good work from a set unless the prongs of tubes are casting shadows and direct contact with the tube socket springs. The lesser sources of contact noise are transistors and ground leads to the set.

Antennas and ground leads to the set should be as far apart as possible, keep one at right angles to the other if you can.

When You Select New Tubes for Amplifiers

In impedance-coupled audio-frequency amplifiers, impedance-coupled radio-frequency amplifiers and resistive-coupled radio-frequency amplifiers, the amplification obtainable from the valve system is dependent upon the amplification constant of the vacuum tubes employed. Standard vacuum tubes with an amplification constant of approximately eight will not produce best results. Greatest amplification will be obtained when "10-M" tubes or high amplification constant tubes are used. Tubes with an amplification constant of 20 are now available.

To Get Low Waves

When your set won't tune in the short wave bands, try disengaging the serial at the point where it enters the tuner and setting up an antenna as the place regulator. This cuts the fundamental wavelength of the antenna system, which also includes the aerial.

Community Building

Roof's Need of Paint

Must Be Kept in Mind

The importance of keeping the roof in perfect repair cannot be overestimated, since without a good roof it is impossible that the rest of the house can give satisfactory service. One leak can cause more damage to ceilings, walls, furnishings and dispositions than the cost of a new roof twice over. The tragedy of it is that the owner pays both ways; the interior damage must be repaired and the roof itself must be renewed. On the other hand a coat of paint or stain seals the cracks in a roof, prevents leaks, increases the security of all things within the house, makes the roofing materials last almost indefinitely, and vastly improves the appearance of the building.

Roofs of dwellings are commonly of two materials, shingles and tiles. The destructive forces of rot and rust, lying in wait for those materials, can only be repelled by proper paint protection. Tin should be painted on both sides before being put in place. There are several types of paint specially adapted for tin roofs. Future trouble will be avoided by painting the upper surface at least every two years, for a paint film is hardly more than one-hundredth part of an inch in thickness and will wear out, like everything else.

The butt ends of shingles should be dipped for six or eight inches in paint in stain of the preferred color, then placed in a trough to drain and dry for a day before they are put on. When the roof is complete, another coat of paint or stain is applied. Shingles will give adequate protection if they are repainted every fourth or fifth year.

Proper Pride in Home

Badge of Citizenship

Pride in home is a precious characteristic, common among all mortals who are worth their earthly salt. And how the springtime brings it out!

The dozann and jessam beached in the backyard by the receding snows are raked and carried away, to make room for sprouting grass and spaded vegetable gardens. Out in front, last summer's flower beds are being made ready to furnish a new crop of June attractiveness.

Storm windows give way to screens. The paint brush among the scars suffered in the annual defense against the siege by Boreas. The housewife's steaming mop is piled with redoubled vigor. The vacuum cleaner hums. The falling thwack of the carpetbeater is heard in the land.

Pride in home! You find it reflected in the workingman's cottages just as on the broad lawns of the rich man's estate. The cottage is as proud of the wren in his bird house as the magnate is proud of the deer in his park.

Pride in home! The universal badge of good citizenship.—Milwaukee Journal.

Small City Wins Honor

For the first time, a community of less than 20,000 population—Albany, Ga.—has been chosen by the board of awards of the national fire waste contest as the 1925 grand prize winner for "having shown the greatest progress during the year in the prevention of fire and reduction of fire losses."

The contest is conducted jointly by the National Fire Waste Council and the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

Out of 221 cities entered, the group prize winners were Portland, Ore., among cities above 100,000; Long Beach, Calif., among cities between 20,000 and 100,000; Battle Creek, Mich., among cities between 20,000 and 100,000; and Albany, Ga., in the smaller population group. Forty "factor cities" also were named.

The way to stop a radio interference—a neighbor who permits his set to oscillate rectilinearly—is to have a petition signed and sent to the supervisor of radio in the district.

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Antennas and ground leads to the set should be as far apart as possible, keep one at right angles to the other if you can.

Build to Resist Fire

There is no excuse for reckless disregard of precautions to modern places, where wealth and up-to-date systems of construction should combine to provide, if not houses that will not burn, at least houses that will not burn easily.

Keep your property well painted and you will have mighty few repairs.

Paint is far cheaper than new wood or metal replacements. Watch the less obvious vulnerable points, such as roof, eaves and down spouts, porch columns, etc. The trim is usually the first to suffer.

Paint a Preservative

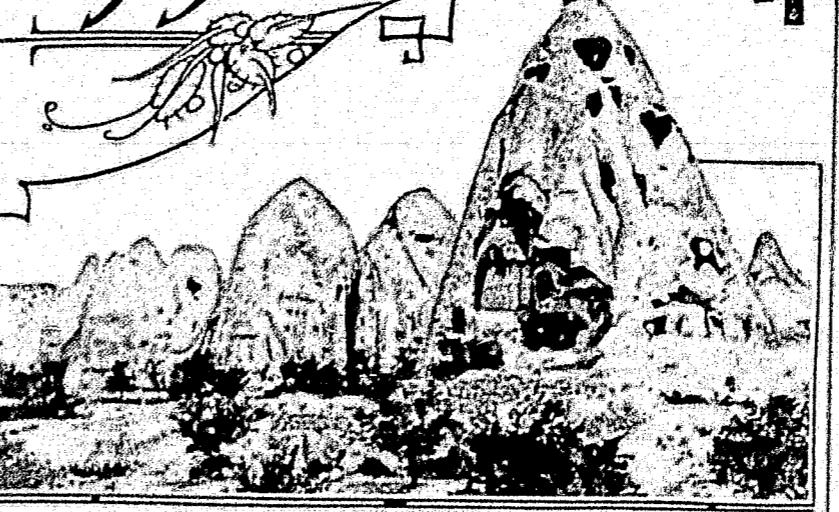
There is only one way to eliminate these expensive repairs, and that is to keep your property painted through painting before repairs are necessary. Property should be repainted to all places that appear worn and old, delayed until the appearance of rust or decay when repairs become inevitable.

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Ideal City

The richest or the largest city in the world might be about the least attractive place to live. The ideal city is reasonably rich, reasonably large and reasonably blessed with the qualities that make it ideal as a community of homes.

Troglodytes of Cappadocia



Cones Near Udi Assaru.

Troglodytes, or semi-Troglodytes, a ruder but less inhospitable type may be seen in many places in Lycaonia.

Crude Life in Cavities.

At Seral, north of Karaman, a cluster of rocks lies upon a bed of clay, which, of course, may be excavated ad infinitum without very great labor, and the formation is round, as it were, for the Troglodytes. But the people who inhabit these abodes are not true Troglodytes, since they use them only during the long summer Pacific.

Residing within a stone's throw, metaphorically speaking, of the wretched civilization which flourished on the banks of the Nile 6,000 years ago; of the mighty kingdoms of Assyria and Babylon which arose in the valley of the Euphrates and the Tigris; their power and splendor dazzling the world 2,000 years before the Christian era; and at the very threshold of ancient Greece, with the unrivaled culture and political advancement, the Troglodytes of Cappadocia still retain toward their fellow men an attitude of mind akin to that which obtained in the Stone age, when there was no such thing as human society, but every man was his own law and the mortal enemy of his neighbor.

The only difference between the society of these Troglodytes and that of primitive man consists in this, that primitive man did not brook the presence of any other man, while here the isolation of the clan takes the place of the Red sea and about the strange people who lived there. This book has perished, but about fifty pages of it were quoted by other writers whose works have survived to our times, and among other things they have preserved Agatharchides' account of the Troglodytes of the region of the Red sea.

The caves, cones, and cliff dwellings of the Cappadocian Troglodytes of both ancient and modern times are to be found in greatest number in the shadow of Asia Minor's loftiest peak, snow-clad Mt. Argaus (called by the Turks Erjus Dagh), an extinct volcano whose eruption in the dim past laid the foundations and supplied the material for these remarkable habitations, while the Halys river of the ancients (now known as Kizil Irmak) in succeeding centuries became their treacherous architect.

The practice of living in caves, in cliffs, or in excavated cavities in the open plain is to be traced to a state of society which we of today have some difficulty in depicting to ourselves. And yet the central thought of the Troglodyte habit is the basic principle upon which ancient civilization was founded. That basic thought was absolute isolation.

Types of Troglodytes.

Several kinds of Troglodytes are still to be seen in various parts of Asia Minor. The most primitive type is to be found in Cilicia Trachea. They may be found in many places, but they are best seen in a pass in the Taurus mountains some ten miles north of Ermenek (Germanopolis).

The inhabitants of this valley, known as Bakurian here, are cliff-dwellers of the secondary type—that is, they have done considerable work in the way of improving their abodes, whose entrances have been walled in with stones of stout masonry.

The entrances to their dwellings are high up in the almost perpendicular walls of the cliffs, and they are reached solely by means of long poles, which are eight enough to be drawn on when the load of the don and his family are safely landed. And they really are safe from intruders, for it would require a lion to force an entrance against the will of the family.

This very method of reaching the entrance by means of a pole makes it imperative for all the members of the several families of these cliff-dwelling Troglodytes to be strong and vigorous persons, for the sick, the aged, and the infirm can neither enter nor leave the dwelling, nor can they be brought to nor taken out by others, unless they are strapped to the back of a man, who would need to be not only strong, but very active as well.

One ancient writer tells us that some Troglodytes made a practice of killing all those who were not in first-rate physical condition, on the ground that a man who cannot earn his own living has no right to live, and when one sees these dwellings, one can imagine still another reason for killing off the aged and the infirm—because of their inability to get in or out of the house.

Though the cliffs of the Bakurian Dara are thickly studded with dwellings that are likely to be inhabited by a large number of people, the infrequent traveler does not get a glimpse of any of them, nor does he often find a doorway open.

The caves of Cappadocia were characteristic features of the country in the third millennium before Christ. History and archaeology cannot trace them further, because, as yet, nothing is known about periods in Asia Minor more remote than that; but the spade and the archaeologist may soon reveal that history is a waiting world.

SOCIETY DIRECTORY

A cordial invitation is extended to strangers who belong to any of these organizations to visit meetings when in town.

BETHEL LODGE, No. 97, F. & A. M., meets in Masonic Hall the second Thursday evening of every month. W. J. MacKay, W. M.; Fred H. Merrill, Secretary.

PURITY CHAPTER, No. 102, O. E. S., meets in Masonic Hall the first Wednesday evening of each month. Mrs. Grace Philbrook, W. M.; Mrs. Emma Van Den Kerckhoven, Secy.

MT. ABRAH LODGE, No. 31, I. O. O. F., meets in their hall every Friday evening. A. S. Silver, N. G.; D. M. Forbes, Secretary.

SUNSET REBEKAH LODGE, No. 64, I. O. O. F., meets in Odd Fellows' Hall the first and third Monday evenings of each month. Mrs. Mildred Lowell, M. E. C.; Mrs. Esther Sanborn, M. of R. and C.

BUDSBY LODGE, No. 22, K. of P., meets in Grange Hall the first and third Tuesdays of each month. H. C. Rowe, C. C.; N. G. Machila, K. of R. and S.

NACCOMI TEMPLE, No. 68, PYTHIAN SISTERS, meets the second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Grange Hall. Mrs. Mildred Lowell, M. E. C.; Mrs. Esther Sanborn, M. of R. and C.

BROWN POST, No. 84, G. A. R., meets at Odd Fellows' Hall the second and fourth Thursdays of each month. A. H. Hutchinson, Commander; L. C. Jordan, Adjutant; L. N. Burdett, Q. M.

BROWN, W. R. C., No. 36, meets in Odd Fellows' Hall the second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month. Mrs. Little Innan, President; Mrs. Lillie Burbank, Secretary.

GEORGE A. MUNDT POST, No. 81, AMERICAN LEGION, meets the second and fourth Tuesday of each month in its rooms. J. M. Harrington, Commander; Carl L. Brown, Secretary.

COL. C. S. EDWARDS CAMP, NO. 72, S. OF V., meets first and third Thursday of each month in the Legion rooms. Perry Lapham, Commander; Carl L. Brown, Secretary.

BETHEL GRANGE, No. 56, P. of H., meets in their hall the first and third Thursday evenings of each month. Zenas Merrill, M.; Eva W. Hastings, Secretary.

Parent-Teachers' Association. Meeting 2nd Monday of each month at Grammar School during school year. Mrs. Gwendolin Godwin; Secretary, Mrs. Eugene Vandenberghe.

Theatre Association. Meeting 2nd Monday of each month at Grammar School during school year. Mrs. Gwendolin Godwin; Secretary, Mrs. Eugene Vandenberghe.

Businessmen's Association. Meeting 2nd Monday of each month at Grammar School during school year. Mrs. Gwendolin Godwin; Secretary, Mrs. Eugene Vandenberghe.

Businessmen's Association. Meeting 2nd Monday of each month at Grammar School during school year. Mrs. Gwendolin Godwin; Secretary, Mrs. Eugene Vandenberghe.

S. S. GREENLEAF FUNERAL DIRECTOR & MORTICIAN AUTO HEARSES AMBULANCE FOR MOVING THE SICK Day and Night Service

Porto Bello Gold

by Arthur D. Howden Smith

Copyright by Arthur D. Howden Smith

WNU Service

SYNOPSIS

The story opens in New York about the middle of the Eighteenth century. Robert Ormerod, who tells the tale, is talking to Peter Corlair, chief of fur traders, and man of enormous strength, when Darby McGraw, Irish bonny boy, brings news that his pirate ship, off the Hook. An old sea captain announces he has been chased by the notorious pirate, Captain Rip-Rap. The older Ormerod, Robert, the pirate is Andrew Murray, his brother, great uncle, commanding the pirate ship, the Royal James. Murray is an ardent Jacobite.

"But I see they hauled you?" I pressed him.

"That?" he answered. "Oh, yes;

but— May I make bold to ask, sir,

if other vessels been chased off New

York port, do you know?"

I pointed to where Captain Farrad's craft swung at her anchor a

scant quarter-mile above the brig.

"That Bristol packet ran the nota-

ble Captain Rip-Rap tops'l down

but yester morning," I told him.

His brows knit together in a frown,

apparently of thought.

"Captain Rip-Rap you says it was

Blister me, young gentleman, but well!

A fortunate escape as ever was. And

luckily. But I dare say the king's ships

would be after him by now?"

"No, there's none nearer than Bos-

ton," I answered. "Twill be a week

at the least before we can hunt the

scoops'rance."

He wagged his head dolefully.

"Blister me, but that'll be news.

Fortunate, indeed, I was to draw

clear."

One of the wherrymen was sculling

toward us along the shore, and I

waved to him to pull under the piling

on which we stood.

"I must be off," I said. "I congratu-

late you, Master Silver, on your

escape."

He bobbed his head and pulled at

his forelock.

"Thank'ee kindly, young gentleman,

here, sir, let me catch the painter.

"Right! Will ye ha' the basket on the

thwart by ye? And this nice lad here,

doesn't he go, too? No?

"Sir," said she in English as good

as my own, "can you direct me to the

Whale's Head tavern?"

I could bring forth no better than a

stammer in answer. She was the sec-

ond stranger that day to ask for the

Whale's Head, which my father had

remarked the previous evening for a

noted resort of bad characters; and

veres, she appeared to be the last

sort of woman who might be expected

to have anything to do with the kind

of roistering wickedness which went

on there. Also, I could not forbear

asking myself how came so far a

maid aboard a Spanish freight.

In the soft lantern light she was

anything but Spanish in her looks.

Dark, yes, with hair that shone a

misty black, but her eyes were as blue

as Darby McGraw's, and her nose had

the least suspicion of a tilt to it.

Her mouth was wide, with a kind of twist

at the ends that quirked up oddly

when she laughed and drooped with a

sorrows fit to crack open your heart

If she wept. And she was little more

than a child in years, with a manifest

innocence which went oddly with the

question she had asked me.

A slim foot tapped impatiently upon

the cobbles as I stared.

"Well, sir," she said coldly, "does it

happen you do not know English bet-

ter than Spanish?"

"No-no," I managed to get out. "But

the truth is, the Whale's Head is no

place for such as you, mistress."

Her eyes narrowed.

"I do not catch your meaning, per-

haps," she answered. "It is my father

I go to meet there."

"But he would never favor you

coming there at this hour," I pro-

tested. "Indeed, you should never

think of it."

"I will be the judge of that," she

retorted, instantly haughty. "And if

my father is there I can come to no

harm."

"If he is," I said. "I doubt you

misaken his ordinary."

"No, no," she said decidedly. "I

heard him speaking with them of it.

But it may be you are right, sir, and

I will not be so ungrateful as to flout

a kindly stranger's well-meant advice."

He hesitated for just the fraction of

a minute.

"Why, not especially in particular,

sir," he answered at last. "I am for the

Whale's Head tavern. If ye happen

to know o' such a place."

I nodded.

"I'm in the East ward close by,

Darby said, looking back over his shoulder.

"Whurr, whurr, do but look at

the shot hole in the side of him! This

he will have made a noble prayer.

And now will ye mock me for saying

there are pirates abroad, Master Rob-

ert?"

"Not I, Darby! You fellow has been

closer to death than I like to think

of," I answered.

"Now there was as true a word as

ever was heard spoke," proclaimed a

pleasant voice behind me.

"And shows most unaccountable under-

standing and humanity, so it do, see-

ing as there's precious few ladsmen

as stop to bigger off the chances a

poor sailor must take and never a

thankless from his owners nor ought

but curses from his skipper, like as

not. True as true, young gentleman.

I makes you my duty, and says as

how, seeing I was one of them vouch-

ered a miraculous salvation, I hopes you'll permit me to offer my most

handsome thanks."

I swung around to scrutinize the

owner of the voice and saw a hand-

some, open-faced man in the prime of

life, big and strong of his body, but

with only one leg. The other, the left,

had been lopped off high up near

the hip, and he supported himself

upon a long crutch of very fine-carved

hardwood— mahogany, I afterward discovered. This crutch he employed

with all the dexterity of his missing limb.

While I looked at him and he was

first speaking he hopped up beside me

with a confidential air that was very

flattering to a young man and impressed Darby even more.

"Are you from the brig yonder?" I

asked curiously.

"Aye, aye, young gentleman. I am;

and one of the miserable sinners as

were saved by an inscrutable Prov-

idence as takes no account of men's

deserts, just or unjust, as the preach-

ers say'in' is. Out of Barbadoes, I

am, in the brig Constant. Name o'

Silver, sir—John, says my sponsors in

Barbadoes.

"Jim my mates most generally calls

me 'Barbecue' 'cause of my being bish

a monstrous fine cook. And there's

a tale to that, young sir. Ah, yes!

This weren't the first time I suffered

at the hands of them pirates that

wou'reng and ravage the seas to the

depths of poor, honest sailors."

"Was it off Sandy hook they at-

tacked you?" I inquired.

"Off Sandy hook?" he repeated.

"Might 'twas so, gentleman. We

took small reckoning o' where we were.

One one thought was to make

the Bristol packet's side a barge shot

at the whale's head.

As my boat strayed away from the

Maine and elsewhere. We shall return

to Spain within the year. Just look

NORTH PARIS

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Littlehale and Mr. and Mrs. Morris Ellingwood were in New Gloucester, recently.

Word has been received that Mrs. Alphonse Andrews has come out of the hospital and is staying with her brother-in-law, Wallace Andrews.

The North Paris school and the Tuelltown school held an entertainment recently.

The Finns had a picnic in Tuelltown, Sunday. There was a large gathering. The farmers are late in getting their crops planted.

Mrs. John Ross has returned home. She has been staying at West Paris so her two daughters could attend high school.

The farmers are late in getting their trees. There was a slight frost on the night.

of June 4 at North Paris.

Life Calls to Life

A man can keep himself too much to himself. Emerson says, in one of his essays, "We refuse sympathy and intimacy with people as if we waited for some better sympathy and intimacy to come. But whence—and when? Tomorrow will be like today. Life wastes itself while we are preparing to live."

THINGS YOU WANT TO KNOW

Q. Please give first-aids for frost bites. B. F. R.
Warm the part away from heat by rubbing with snow or cold water. When warmth begins to return wash part with alcohol preparation and water, or treat as a burn. In this connection it may be said that in the case of burns, without blister, the principal thing needed is something to exclude the air and relieve the pain.

Q. Will you please tell me how many Members of the President's Cabinet there are, their salary, and the order in which they are arranged? H. E. L.

Secretary of State, Frank B. Kellogg; Secretary of the Treasury, Andrew W. Mellon; Secretary of War, Dwight F. Davis; Attorney General, John G. Sargent; Postmaster General, Harry S. New; Secretary of the Navy, Curtis D. Wilbur; Secretary of the Interior, Hubert Work; Secretary of Agriculture, William M. Jardine; Secretary of Commerce, Herbert Clark Hoover; Secretary of Labor, James J. Davis. In the above list the Cabinet officers are arranged in the order in which they succeeded to the Presidency in case of the removal, death, resignation, or inability of both the President and Vice President. No such emergency has arisen since the foundation of the Government. The order of succession was established by an act of Congress approved January 19, 1886, and no mention was made of the Secretaries of the Agriculture, Commerce, and Labor whose departments had not been organized at that time. The salary is \$15,000 each.

Q. Have all the States placed statues of their famous citizens in the National Statuary Hall in the Capitol at Washington? How many are allotted to each State? P. W. A.

The National Statuary Hall, formerly the Hall of the United States House of Representatives, was established in 1864. Each State was invited to contribute marble or bronze statues of her two most distinguished deceased citizens. Thirty of the States have had placed statues to their illustrious citizens.

Q. What was Oscar Wilde's real name and where did he live? What are some of his famous writings? B. R.

Oscar Fingal O'Flahertie Wilde was the name of the poet and writer and he lived from 1854 to 1900. Among the most noted works are "The Ballad of Reading Gaol," "De Profundis," "The Picture of Dorian Gray."

Q. Would you kindly tell me which color spool or ribbon is for the baby boy and which for a baby girl? C. S.

It is a time honored custom to gift a pink for a boy and blue for a girl.

Q. Was the month of March ever the first month of the year? H. K.

March was the first month of the year until Numa added January and February, 703 B. C. Romulus, who divided the year into months, gave to this month the name of his father Mars according to myth, though Ovid relates that the people of Italy had the month of March before Romulus, not in a different place in the calendar. The year commenced March 25, until 1733.

Q. In what year did the President's cabinet resign? I. M.

In 1841 the Cabinet resigned, with the exception of the Secretary of State.

Q. Who is the author of "The Builders of America" and where can I obtain same? J. A. B. L.

Edwin Williamson is the author of this and many other books of historical interest. Books may be purchased at any large book store.

Q. Can a minister who has never been naturalized as a citizen of the United States lawfully perform a marriage ceremony? J. J. W.

The first qualification is that the minister must have been regularly ordained in some church. In practically all of the States he must register with the State or the County Clerk, and unless there is a statute on the subject to the contrary, an alien clergyman, under the above qualifications, may legally perform a marriage ceremony. As to the legal application of this rule consult your County Clerk.

Q. In the following sentence "Dozen Tires and Pencils" it was argued and held that the word "Dozen," apart from its abbreviation, is incorrectly used. That is to say, that it should not have been used in the plural form, but should have retained its singular form, notwithstanding the fact that the subject "dozens" in the above sentence conveys plurality of items. H. C. S.

This inquiry was referred to the Department of English of the Public Schools of Washington, D. C. The answer furnished by the Department is as follows: "The rule which governs this usage is: 'After numerals many nouns of weight and measure use only the singular form as ten ton, six gross, three pair, four dozen.' The abbreviation 'Dozen,' is incorrect, it should be singular, 'Dox'." A New English Grammar (p. 50) by M. A. Leiper, Macmillan."

OXFORD COUNTY**REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES****STATE OF MAINE****REPUBLICAN STATE PRIMARY**

Republican Candidates to be voted for in the Primary Election June 21, 1926, in the County of Oxford

Penalty for wilfully defacing, tearing down or destroying a list of candidates, or a specimen ballot, Five to One Hundred Dollars Fine.

FRANK W. BALL, Secretary of State.

LIST OF CANDIDATES

MAKE A CROSS (X) IN THE SQUARE TO THE RIGHT OF THE NAME OF THE PERSON YOU WISH TO VOTE FOR. FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AS TO THE NUMBER OF CANDIDATES TO BE MARKED FOR EACH OFFICE. ADD NAMES BY WRITING OR PASTING STICKERS IN BLANK SPACES AND MARK CROSS (X) TO RIGHT OF SUCH NAMES. DO NOT ERASE NAMES.

FOR GOVERNOR Vote for ONE

RALPH O. BREWSTER, Portland

ARTHUR L. THAYER, Bangor

ELBERT D. HAYFORD, Farmington

EDWIN J. MORRILL, South Portland

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS Vote for ONE

WALLACE H. WHITE, Jr., Lewiston

FOR STATE SENATOR Vote for ONE

E. CHANDLER BUZZELL, Fryeburg

FOR CLERK OF COURTS Vote for ONE

DONALD B. PARTRIDGE, Norway

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS (Eastern District) Vote for ONE

HAZEL E. CONARY, Norway

ELMER WALLACE CUMMING, Paris

FRED C. DAVIS, Paris

HARVEY E. POWERS, Paris

ROBERT E. SHAW, Paris

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS (Western District) Vote for ONE

ABBY T. ANDREWS, Fryeburg

FOR COUNTY TREASURER Vote for ONE

G. W. Q. PERHAM, Woodstock

HARRY M. SHAW, Paris

FOR SHERIFF Vote for ONE

ERLAND C. TORREY, Paris

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY Vote for ONE

WILLIAM J. FLANAGAN, Rumford

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER Vote for ONE

WILLIS W. WAITE, Dixfield

FOR REPRESENTATIVES to the LEGISLATURE

PERCY H. H. BOOGIER, Rumford

ARTHUR D. WOODROW, Rumford

JOHN C. MCKINNON, Mexico

STANLEY M. WHEELER, Paris

JOHN R. FORHAN, Canton

JACOB C. PEDENISTER, Hiram

GARDNER H. BANKIN, Hiram

ARTHUR TUCKER, Norway

FRANK A. BROWN, Bethel

OXFORD COUNTY**DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES****STATE OF MAINE****DEMOCRATIC STATE PRIMARY**

Democratic Candidates to be voted for in the Primary Election June 21, 1926, in the County of Oxford

Penalty for wilfully defacing, tearing down or destroying a list of candidates, or a specimen ballot, Five to One Hundred Dollars Fine.

FRANK W. BALL, Secretary of State.

LIST OF CANDIDATES

MAKE A CROSS (X) IN THE SQUARE TO THE RIGHT OF THE NAME OF THE PERSON YOU WISH TO VOTE FOR. FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AS TO THE NUMBER OF CANDIDATES TO BE MARKED FOR EACH OFFICE. ADD NAMES BY WRITING OR PASTING STICKERS IN BLANK SPACES AND MARK CROSS (X) TO RIGHT OF SUCH NAMES. DO NOT ERASE NAMES.

FOR GOVERNOR Vote for ONE

ERNEST L. MCLEAN, Augusta

FOR STATE AUDITOR Vote for ONE

BRADFORD C. REDONNETT, Wisconsin

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS Vote for ONE

CHARLES H. STARKEY, Augusta

FOR STATE SENATOR Vote for ONE

LESLIE E. MCINTYRE, Waterford

FOR CLERK OF COURTS Vote for ONE

ALBERT A. TOWNE, Skowhegan

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS (Eastern District) Vote for ONE

MAURICE E. PRINCE, Norway

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS (Western District) Vote for ONE

JOHN E. SMITH, Mexico

FOR COUNTY TREASURER Vote for ONE

P. ROBERT SEAVEY, Norway

FOR SHERIFF Vote for ONE

WILLIAM C. BROTHMAN, Paris

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY Vote for ONE

PETER M. MCINTYRE, Rumford

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER Vote for ONE

ELTON W. GOODWIN, Mexico

FOR REPRESENTATIVES to the LEGISLATURE

ALVAN J. MARBLE, Rumford

FRANCIS J. MELCHER, Rumford

LEWIS E. SMALL, Mexico

GEORGE KREISE, Oxford

WILLARD H. REDDING, Rumford

GLENN H. MCINTYRE, Norway

MAUD L. THURSTON, Bethel

IRA C. JORDAN**General Merchandise****BETHEL. MAINE****INSURE
YOUR FUTURE**

By a constructive plan of saving a definite sum on each pay day. Without such a plan, the business of amassing money is almost hopeless.

To save a portion of your income regularly, when the habit is once acquired is as natural as breathing and the final reward is financial independence.

PARIS TRUST CO.

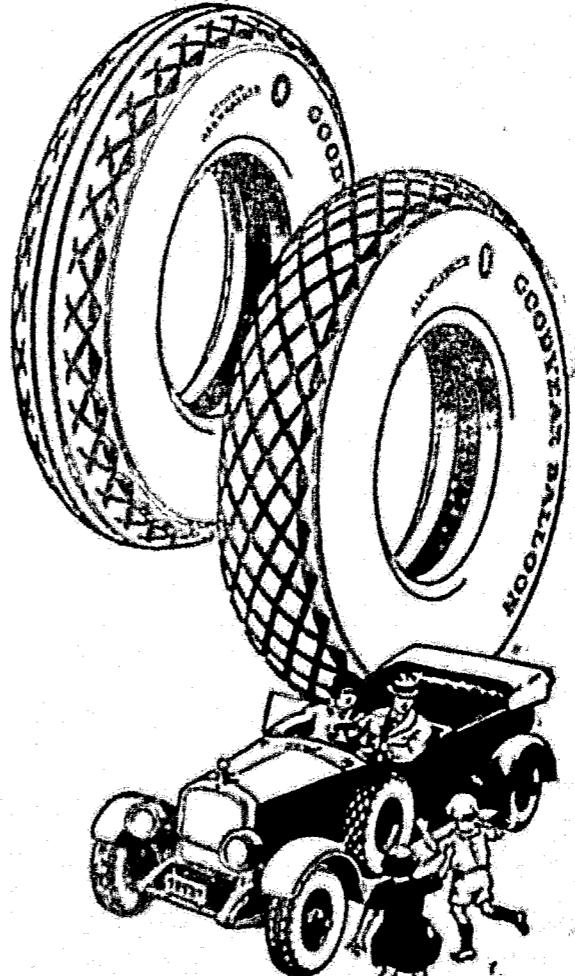
**SOUTH PARIS BUCKFIELD
MAINE**

ROOFING

I, 2 and 3 Ply

**FIELD FENCING
BARBED WIRE****G. L. Thurston**

BETHEL, MAINE



Maybe you have been offered a "special discount" on this or that make of tire.

Think this proposition over.

Ask yourself who pays for this sales inducement.

Is the dealer generously sacrificing his profit—the manufacturer his?

Or, is the equivalent of the discount being taken out of the tire?

Think it over!

Central Service Station

MAIN ST., BETHEL, MAINE

Phone 107-5

REN'S E RESUMES HER DUTIES

**Lidia E. Pinkham's
able Compound**

Winnipeg, Man.—When the temperature registers a mean 40 degrees below zero the entire winter and often dips down to 60 and 65° civilization and its warm fires and cozy homes are an inviting prospect and cozy homes are worth all of \$2,500 which it cost him to view.

That is the way H. H. Hall from way up around the Arctic circle sees it and Hall ought to be given credit for his viewpoint, for he just parted with that sum for a peep at the modern world.

Well Paid for Hardships,

Hall is a white fox trapper. When it is explained that those valuable animals only inhabit the territory adjacent to the pole it is easily understood why he lives in that desolate region. He admits he is well paid, from a monetary standpoint, for the hardships he endures, but every once in a while he must go out in the world.

Customs Centuries Old.

Love-making for the young Mexican follows a habit centuries old. He may become enamored of a fair señorita, but it is only after his father has explained the situation to her father that they may become formally acquainted. Fair would every Latin hombra pick eloquence as his master's outstanding virtue.

The wedding must be done through the barred windows of the señorita's home until the engagement is announced. But when the moonlight filters through the leaves, even though the formal announcement is not yet, the young son may strum his trusted guitar under the beloved one's balcony and his recompense is a rose. Each day during the weeks just before the wedding he passes the home of the girl and places note beneath her door.

The "gran baile" (grand ball) is the piece de resistance of the marriage, and in its amorous tilt there is no room for modern tin-pat music. Even if the home have no flooring or furniture, the parents will manage to obtain lace curtains and they always will have a place for the "gran baile."

Festas are numerous, but none rivals the "jamaica" or Mexican fete of jollity. Decorated booths are erected along the sides of the plaza which is the public square. Each booth is in charge of señoritas, decked in colorful "chino poblano," a long dress of many hues, a mantilla of lace and a rose in the hair. One booth will be a temple of justice, with a señorita presiding as judge; another will have "lawyers" and a third will be the "carcel" or jail.

Then there are a number of young women "police" armed with beribboned hoops, and when they catch sight of a young "caballero" they slip the hoop over his head and he is brought captive to the judge, who promptly fines him and then incinerates him in the "carcel." At each step he pays a fine of 10 cents and must square all accounts before he is released.

Favor Bestowed by Flower.

There is the custom of the grand promenade, where flirtation is done by wholesale. The girls and married couples saunter along in an outer line on the walks of the plaza, while on the inner line, going in the opposite direction, walk the young gallants. Should the eyes of two meet, and should the girl cast a flower it means that her acquaintance would be welcome, and he at once sets about to galo an introduction. These meetings frequently lead to matrimony.

Plainly, jazz is not the life motif of the Latin. The classical dances of Spain predominate. The "Jorabe-Tantra" is to be seen in homes and theaters. It is danced by a lady in a long-skirted "chino poblano" and a señor in velvet "charco," which fits tightly about the legs. "La fota," the dance of the shawl, also is a popular dance.

In preparing fruits for cocktails two things should be remembered. The fruit should stand in the syrup or fruit juice until well sweetened. The sugar syrup is prepared by boiling together twice as much sugar as water, until a thick syrup is made.

The menu following should always be considered when preparing a cocktail. If a vegetable cocktail to which salad dressing is added is served, the salad for that menu may be omitted.

The small pear shaped yellow tomatoes make most attractive serving; they may be combined with fruit which has a decided flavor, like pineapple, then with a little olive oil or cubed peach and a fruit sauce, the combination thus being well flavored.

A pineapple and raspberry combination is also good. It is hard to find any occasion when the flavor of pineapple is not enjoyed.

One of the most attractive cocktails to look at is made by using the heart of a well ripened watermelon. Cut half-shaped pieces with a French potato cutter, serve with a chilled lemon or pineapple sugar syrup. Prepared the same way, use muskmelon and cantaloupe syrup; this has especially delicious flavor. It is not wise to add a highly flavored syrup or sauce to a fruit which has a delicate flavor which should predominate. A lemon slice is good as it brings out the flavor of other fruits.

Equal parts of sliced peaches and sliced cherries, marinated in sugar syrup and garnished with frosted mint makes an attractive cocktail.

Diced peaches, twice the amount of ripe, large blackberries, treated with a lemon syrup and flavored with a bit of the rind if liked, makes another popular cocktail.

Such fruits as prunes, figs, raisins, persimmons, pawpaws have more food value than most other fruits, though the acids and minerals in all fruits are valuable in the diet. The addition of stock, egg or milk, of course, adds to the nourishment of the soup.

\$2,500 TO SEE WHAT A HOME LOOKS LIKE

Trapper Makes Long Trip to View Civilization.

Winnipeg, Man.—When the temperature registers a mean 40 degrees below zero the entire winter and often dips down to 60 and 65° civilization and its warm fires and cozy homes are an inviting prospect and cozy homes are worth all of \$2,500 which it cost him to view.

That is the way H. H. Hall from way up around the Arctic circle sees it and Hall ought to be given credit for his viewpoint, for he just parted with that sum for a peep at the modern world.

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The playground of the white fox is in the district around Deception bay, on the Hudson strait, almost farther north than one can imagine. When Hall and his companions, Rob Weston and Gus Dawson, started for the outside world they had to travel 800 miles through a barren waste, where there were no trees, no animals, no life of any kind except themselves and the dogs which drew their sledges, followed Hudson Bay.

The first half of their journey beat them they entered the timberland, where they hopped the tortuous shore of Hudson Bay for another 900 miles into Moose Factory, where they met up with the railroad. They were 45 days behind the dog team and the admitted the trip had cost them \$2,500, a sum sufficient to take them to Europe and back.

The trappers come from that part of Quebec just across the strait from Baffin Land. Obtaining food is the great problem in that land, Hall said, as nothing in the way of vegetables will grow in that country. All food must be shipped in from the south.

Fiji Eats on Train;

Swallows Miles Away

Los Angeles, Calif.—Summed up, that Mel Salabog's impression of life in the United States, as rendered through his friend and interpreter, was this:

"I sat in a chair by a table. A man placed food before me. I ate it in one town and swallowed it in the next."

The meal which the strapping barefoot Fiji chief referred to was eaten aboard a California train a few days ago after he had landed at San Francisco to take up with officials of the American government the reasons for his expulsion. He is an American citizen.

Parisians Oust Bobs

HAWAII PROFITS BY EARTHQUAKES

Usually Cause Jump in Taxi and Hotel Rates.

Honolulu.—There are several signs of volcanic activity in Hawaii. One of them is quakes. A second is sulphur fumes. The third is a rise in taxi rates.

Dr. T. A. Jaggar, eminent volcanist, does not regard eruptions in Hawaii as alarming, nor do the citizens. In fact, by and large, this phenomenon "sets people wild with joy." The steamship agencies, the hotels, the taxi drivers and everybody else begin to grin.

The reason is that the quakes, although they often number 150 a day in the vicinity of Kilauea, are so gentle that no one is annoyed. The taxi drivers do a tremendous business taking tourists to view the impending eruption or the one already under way and the hotels and steamship companies get their share of the business.

The sulphur fumes are so light, says Doctor Jaggar, that the direction of the vent from which they come could not be determined by the public without information from the government observers.

Lava flows, although spectacular, do little damage, and the dozen or two families forced to flee accept the situation in the spirit of making up to move to the city, they are so used to moving out of the way of the flows.

OUSTED NUNCIO



Archbishop George J. Caruana, papal nuncio to Mexico, who has been expelled from that country on the charge that he illegally entered.

Archbishop Caruana came to Washington to take up with officials of the American government the reasons for his expulsion. He is an American citizen.

Parisian Women Are Quick to Observe That Not One Shingled Coffe or Short Skirt Is in 1926 to Be Found in This Year's Exhibition of the Society of French Artists and the Beaux Arts.

Dyed Pet Dog Fad Has

Short Life in Paris

Paris.—Milady no longer may dye her pet dog in a color to match her gown as she goes promenading. An olive green Pekinese, led by an Englishwoman, started the fad at the Promenade des Anglais. Soon poodles, Pekes and other breeds in varied colors were seen on the leashes of their mistresses.

Then the humane society got busy and made an investigation. It was found that the ordinary dyes used on clothes, but very much weakened, were being used to furnish the coats of the pet canines and the practice was ordered stopped.

Germans Hurl Jokes

at Gum Advertisers

Berlin.—Chewing gum jokes are leading the country on the heels of the advertising campaign of American chewing gum manufacturers, who are trying hard to introduce what is called the "latest craze from America." It is called Kau-fluunt in Germany.

The popular joke concerns a stern father rebuking his son.

"Young man," says the father, "stop chewing before you attempt to talk to me."

"But, father, I'll never finish. It's chewing gum."

Founder of Sisters of Charity Is Beatified

Rome.—The beatification of the venerable Jeanne Antida Thouret, Nancy, France, founder of the Sisters of Charity, who died in 1828, was celebrated with traditionally beautiful ceremony at St. Peter's. High French Prelates and 600 Sisters of Charity and a number of descendants of the new saint were present. Pope Pius X, in the presence of 22 cardinals and in the presence of 22 cardinals venerated relics of Jeanne Antida Thouret.

How's Her Eyes?

New York—Miss Edna Wilbur, teacher, just back from study at the Sorbonne, saw no drinking by students in Paris.

SWAINS OF MEXICO WOOTHE BARS

American Jazz Fails to Cross Rio Grande.

Laredo, Texas.—Mingled here in the borderland where two races dwell and two civilizations meet are customs as old as romance and as new as jazz.

The Twentieth century marches blithely down to the bewitching Rio Grande del Norte and there it stops, for jazz has not yet leaped the barrier.

On the other hand, the Nineteenth century flits up to the same great river of the north, but does not altogether halt.

The intriguing Latin tones of violin and guitar steal across to soften the din of brass and drum. The river separates two centuries, but cannot bar the music of the soul. Marriage, death and love give a little picture of life on the strangely moving border.

CUSTOMS CENTURIES OLD.

Love-making for the young Mexican follows a habit centuries old. He may become enamored of a fair señorita, but it is only after his father has explained the situation to her father that they may become formally acquainted.

Fair would every Latin hombra pick eloquence as his master's outstanding virtue.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

THE KITCHEN CABINET

Don't be Distracted

With so many brands clamoring for attention, it is sometimes hard to choose. But Monarch Coffee and Monarch Cocoa have been favorites for more than 70 years—supported by two factors: (1) high quality, (2) low cost.

—Maurice Thompson.

WAYS WITH FISH

There is an old saying that "small fish should swim twice, once in water and once in oil," which we infer to mean that they should be fried in deep fat. When buying fish, select fish with a firm flesh, red gills and bright eyes. As soon as it is caught, if possible, scale it at once, place it in a cold place and serve cooked within a short time. If the fish is bought in the market, give it the same treatment.

To Boil Fish.

Wipe the fish carefully, dust well with salt and wrap in a cheesecloth, well tied up. Drop into boiling water, add a teaspoonful of salt, a bay leaf, a sprig of parsley, a slice of onion and a bit of celery.

Cover the kettle and just simmer ten minutes to the pound. Lift out carefully and turn the fish on a folded napkin on a hot platter. Garnish with lemon quarters and parsley and serve with drawn butter sauce.

Planked White Fish.

One may serve a planked fish at home in all its perfection. Secure a two-inch plank made from hardwood—hickory, maple or oak—a groove running round the edge two inches from the edge will hold the juices.

A plank cut oblong is a foot or a little more will be long enough.

These planks may be purchased in any utensil store. Have the fish split open down the back and lay it skin side down on the plank which has previously been heated so hot that it can

not be handled without a holder. Place in a hot oven and bake a half hour or longer.

When the fish is done, garnish the plank with mashed potato, parsley and lemon. Set the plank on a hot platter and serve. The longer the plank is used the better the flavor.

Scrape it after using, wrap carefully and it will keep for years, growing more valuable with use. If one wishes to cook the fish before an open fire, tuck it on the plank and stand it before the fire.

Jellied Chicken, Sweetbreads and Fish are all used as aspic foods.

Fresh Haddock.

Trim and stuff the fish with buttered crumbs, sweet herbs,

a bit of parsley and an egg. Tie up and spread with butter. Bake in a moderate oven until the fish falls from the bones. Serve with fried tomatoes and rolls of broiled bacon. Fresh trout are the most delicious of all eating.

Fried in butter shortly after being caught, they are a fish fit for the gods.

Fruit Cocktails.

There can be no more appetizing beverage for a summer meal than a fruit cocktail.

The should be served very cold in glasses or in fruit cups of lemon, orange or grapefruit.

Tomato is one of the vegetables that is often served as a cocktail as it is so much like fruit.

In preparing fruits for cocktails two things should be remembered.

The fruit should stand in the syrup or fruit juice until well sweetened.

The sugar syrup is prepared by boiling together twice as much sugar as water, until a thick syrup is made.

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The menu following should always be considered when preparing a cocktail.

If a vegetable cocktail to which salad dressing is added is served, the salad for that menu may be omitted.

The small pear shaped yellow tomatoes make most attractive serving; they may be combined with fruit which has a decided flavor, like pineapple, then with a little olive oil or cubed peach and a fruit sauce, the combination thus being well flavored.

Plum, jazz is not the life motif of the Latin. The classical dances of Spain predominate. The "Jorabe-Tantra" is to be seen in homes and theaters.

It is danced by a lady in a long-skirted "chino poblano" and a señor in velvet "charco," which fits tightly about the legs. "La fota," the dance of the shawl, also is a popular dance.

In the general following should always be considered when preparing a cocktail.

If a vegetable cocktail to which salad dressing is added is served, the salad for that menu may be omitted.

The small pear shaped yellow tomatoes make most attractive serving; they may be combined with fruit which has a decided flavor, like pineapple, then with a little olive oil or cubed peach and a fruit sauce, the combination thus being well flavored.

A pineapple and raspberry combination is also good. It is hard to find any occasion when the flavor of pineapple is not enjoyed.

One of the most attractive cocktails to look at is made by using the heart of a well ripened watermelon. Cut half-shaped pieces with a French potato cutter, serve with a chilled lemon or pineapple sugar syrup. Prepared the same way, use muskmelon and cantaloupe syrup; this has especially delicious flavor. It is not wise to add a highly flavored syrup or sauce to a fruit which has a delicate flavor which should predominate. A lemon slice is good as it brings out the flavor of other fruits.

Equal parts of sliced peaches and sliced cherries, marinated in sugar syrup and garnished with frosted mint makes an attractive cocktail.

Diced peaches, twice the amount of ripe, large blackberries, treated with a lemon syrup and flavored with a bit of the rind if liked, makes another popular cocktail.

Such fruits as prunes, figs, raisins, persimmons, pawpaws have more food value than most other fruits, though the acids and minerals in all fruits are valuable in the diet. The addition of stock, egg or milk, of course, adds to the nourishment of the soup.

GERMAN POPULATION

Again Shows Increase

Berlin.—The population of Germany is again increasing. Experts believe the time is not far distant when Germany, like Italy, must again have colonies to house surplus inhabitants.

The death rate of 12 per 1,000 population is about 2 per cent lower than in 1913 and less than half of the high peak in 1918, when 22 out of every 1,000 died.

